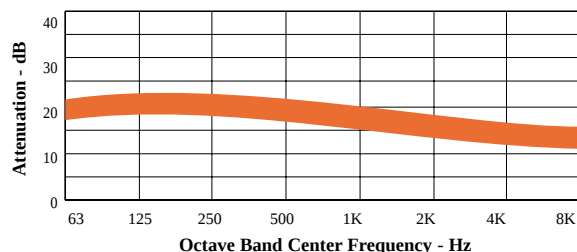


Positive Displacement Blower Silencers

Application

This reactive silencer is used typically on the intake of positive displacement blowers in applications where the blower operates below the critical Pitch Line Velocity.

Typical Attenuation Curve

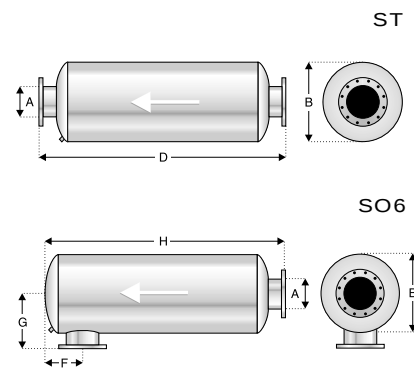


Dimensions

Model	A	B	D	F(min)	F(max)	G	H	Wt.
410-4001*	1½	7	30	3	14	7	27	41
410-4002*	2	8	32	3½	14	8	29	42
410-4003*	2½	10	34	4½	16	9	31	57
410-4004*	3	10	38	5½	18	9	35	78
410-4005*	3½	12	42	6	20	10	39	100
410-4006	4	14	48	6	22	11	44	129
410-4007	5	16	56	7	25	12	52	165
410-4008	6	18	60	7	30	13	56	217
410-4009	8	22	64	9	36	15	60	502
410-4010	10	26	91	11	43	17	87	750
410-4011	12	30	92	12	53	19	88	1237
410-4012	14	30	102	14	48	19	97	1535
410-4013	16	36	112	17	56	23	107	1881
410-4014	18	40	130	19	60	25	125	2364
410-4015	20	45	144	21	68	27	139	2997
410-4016	22	50	160	22	76	30	155	3605
410-4017	24	54	172	24	78	32	167	4113
410-4018	26	54	184	26	87	32	178	4853
410-4019	28	60	200	27	95	35	196	5633
410-4020	30	64	212	29	102	37	206	6508

Performance Class Rating

Class	Minimum IL _A
1	10 dBA
2	15 dBA
3	20 dBA
4	25 dBA
5	30 dBA
6	35 dBA
7	40 dBA
8	45 dBA



*NPT Connections

Finish-Primer Gray

All flange connections - 150# ANSI

Dimensions in inches, weight in pounds.

Dimensions and weights are nominal and may vary slightly in production models.

Request a certified drawing of a specific model for exact dimensions.

Lit-0089 99-05

Silencer Selection Guide

The following information will enable you to determine the appropriate silencers for your blower application.

Silencer Size

Table 1 provides the normal capacity of Silex silencers, in CFM. The sizes in Column 1 refer to the inlet sizes of silencers, in inches. Capacities are expressed in inlet CFM. Find the column which is equal to or greater than the operating pressure of your blower and then, from that column, find the value which is equal to or greater than the blower's CFM. The appropriate size is the value shown in column 1 of the table.

Calculate the back pressure of your blower using table 3 and formula at right

Table 1

Capacity (Inlet CFM 14.7 PSI & °F)								
Size	Inlet	Discharge Silencer						
	Silencer	4 PSIG	6 PSIG	8 PSIG	10 PSIG	12 PSIG	15 PSIG	
1	38	39	40	41	43	44	45	
1.5	85	88	91	93	96	98	101	
2	151	157	161	165	171	174	180	
2.5	237	245	252	259	267	273	281	
3	341	352	363	372	383	392	404	
3.5	464	480	494	507	523	534	550	
4	605	625	644	660	681	696	716	
5	944	977	1006	1032	1064	1088	1120	
6	1360	1408	1450	1488	1534	1568	1614	
8	2423	2507	2582	2649	2731	2792	2874	
10	3783	3915	4032	4137	4265	4360	4488	
12	5449	5639	5808	5959	6143	6280	6464	
14	7427	7687	7917	8123	8373	8560	8811	
16	9648	9985	10285	10552	10878	11120	11446	
18	12286	12715	13096	13437	13851	14160	14575	
20	15132	15661	16130	16550	17060	17440	17952	
22	18325	18965	19533	20042	20660	21120	21740	
24	21796	22557	23233	23838	24573	25120	25857	
26	25544	26436	27228	27937	28799	29440	30304	
28	29709	30746	31668	32492	33494	34240	35245	
30	34082	35272	36329	37275	38424	39280	40433	
Est. Temp.								
	70°F	115°F	140°F	165°F	190°F	200°F	240°F	

Silencer Type

Table 2 groups Silex silencers by silencer type. Determine which models are appropriate for your application based on whether the inlet and/or discharge speeds are above or below transition speeds. If the application has a critical noise specification, use a combination reactive/absorptive model.

Table 2

Pitch Line Velocity	Inlet	Discharge
Below Transition	Class 4	Class 4
	Class 5	Class 5
		Class 6
Above Transition	Class 4	Class 4
	Class 5	Class 5
		Class 6

Pressure Drop

Table 3 sets out the pressure drop coefficients for Silex blower silencers. Use these coefficients in the equations to calculate the silencer pressure drop.

Table 3

Type	Silencer Model	Straight Thru	Side Inlet
Intake Silencers	Class 4	4.20	4.60
	Class 5	4.80	5.30
	Class 7	5.50	6.00
Discharge Silencers	Class 4	4.20	4.60
	Class 5	4.80	5.30
	Class 6	5.20	5.70
	Class 7	5.50	6.00
Absorptive Silencers	Class 4	0.20	-
	Class 5	0.75	-
	Class 6	0.80	-
	Class 7	0.85	-

Pressure Drop

The following formulas may be used to calculate pressure drop through the silencers covered in this catalog.

$$\text{Inlet } \Delta P = \left(\frac{v}{4005} \right)^2 c$$

(assumes silencer inlet is open to atmosphere)

$$\text{Discharge } \Delta P = \left(\frac{v}{4005} \right)^2 c \times \frac{P}{14.7} \times \frac{530}{T}$$

ΔP = Pressure drop through silencer, inches, H₂O

V = Air velocity through silencer, feet per minute

C = Individual Silencer restriction coefficient - empirical constant (See Table 3)

T = Discharge temperature, °R. absolute (operating temperature in degrees F + 460)

P = Discharge pressure, PSIA (operating pressure in PSIG + 14.7)



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